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grims from the same disease, has already returned and resumed his high position in the sanitary service. He reported to the International Sanitary Commission all that he observed during his journey, and when he came to the case of the woman who fell ill and died at Clazomena, he explained the different symptoms presented during the illness, but he did not speak about the swelling of the lymphatic ganglions, not having seen them owing to their disappearance.

* * * * *

The reports of the sanitary physicians of the lazaretto of Clazomena state the existence of these buboes, and, considering the case, they say that they can not affirm the existence of plague or deny it. I have already reported that according to the microscopic examination no Yersin bacilli were found. I hope no fresh case will break out and contradict the bacteriological examination.

The sanitary news from different provinces state that smallpox is rife.

The sanitary physician in Crete reports that the ships arriving thither do not take pratique at the Ottoman sanitary office, but on board the foreign men-of-war which are moored there. This means that the Ottoman sanitary service of Crete is no more considered as an official one.

The number of deaths registered in Constantinople from the 27th of June up to the 10th of July is 349. Of these 1 was from scarlet fever, 6 from measles, 3 from diphtheria, 9 from smallpox, and 6 from typhoid fever.

SPIRIDION C. ZAVITZIANO,

U. S. Sanitary Commissioner.

The SUPERVISING SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

YUCATAN.

Yellow fever reported at Merida.

PROGRESO, MEXICO, *July 8, 1898.*

SIR: In view of the fact that several cases of yellow fever have appeared in the city of Merida, Yucatan, and as the cases thus far have a very malignant type, I would respectfully advise that some means be devised to warn intending travelers against visiting this section of Mexico until I can give notice that all danger has passed.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,

EDWARD H. THOMPSON,

United States Consul.

Hon. ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE.

STATISTICAL REPORTS.

AUSTRALIA—*New South Wales—Sydney.*—Month of May, 1898. Estimated population, 417,850. Total number of deaths, 483, including diphtheria, 10; enteric fever, 10; measles, 3; scarlet fever, 3, and 1 from phthisis pulmonalis.

BAHAMAS—*Dunmore Town.*—Two weeks ended July 25, 1898. Estimated population, 1,472. No deaths.

Governors Harbor.—Two weeks ended July 26. Estimated population, 1,500. One death.

Green Turtle Cay—Abaco.—Two weeks ended July 24. Estimated population, 3,900. No deaths.